CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021



WEALTH ADVISORY | OUTSOURCING AUDIT, TAX, AND CONSULTING

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

City Council City of Oconto, Wisconsin

Report on Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Oconto, Wisconsin, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Oconto, Wisconsin's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Oconto, Wisconsin, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Oconto, Wisconsin and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Oconto, Wisconsin's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of City of Oconto, Wisconsin's internal control. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about City of Oconto, Wisconsin's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Report on Summarized Prior-Year Comparative Information

We have previously audited the City's 2020 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information in our report dated April 9, 2021. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the schedules relating to pensions and other postemployment benefits on pages 59 and 60 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit for the year ended December 31, 2021 was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The general fund detailed comparison of budgeted and actual revenues and expenditures, the combining balance sheet and combining statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the nonmajor governmental funds, the schedules of water and sewer utilities operating revenues and expenses, (collectively, the supplementary information) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the general fund detailed comparison of budgeted and actual revenues and expenditures, the combining balance sheet and combining statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the nonmajor governmental funds, the schedules of water and sewer utilities operating revenues and expenses is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2021.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the City's basic financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated April 9, 2021, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, businesstype activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. The 2020 actual amounts in the detailed comparison of general fund budgeted and actual revenues and expenditures, schedule of water utility operating revenues and expenses, and schedule of sewer utility operating revenues and expenses are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2020 financial statements. The detailed comparison of general fund budgeted and actual revenues and expenditures, schedule of water utility operating revenues and expenses, and schedule of sewer utility operating revenues and expenses, the budget to actual schedules and utility operating revenue and expenses were subjected to the audit procedures applied in the audit of the 2020 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the 2020 actual amounts in the detailed comparison of general fund budgeted and actual revenues and expenditures and the budget to actual schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 9, 2022, on our consideration of the City of Oconto, Wisconsin's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Oconto, Wisconsin's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Oconto, Wisconsin's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Green Bay, Wisconsin May 9, 2022

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

(WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020)

	Governmental	Business-Type	То	otals			
	Activities	Activities	2021	2020			
ASSETS							
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,578,346	\$ 1,480,229	\$ 3,058,575	\$ 4,191,196			
Receivables:							
Taxes and Special Charges	1,346,143	-	1,346,143	1,234,866			
Delinquent Taxes	29,528	-	29,528	25,167			
Accounts, Net	138,038	494,475	632,513	622,448			
Special Assessments	138,926	60,339	199,265	187,941			
Loans	100,243	-	100,243	119,406			
Due from Other Governments	-	11,211	11,211	30,119			
Prepaid Items	-	55,255	55,255	50,587			
Restricted Assets:							
Cash and Investments	-	1,660,179	1,660,179	1,470,646			
Net Pension Asset	1,298,092	135,337	1,433,429	709,185			
Capital Assets, Nondepreciable	679,294	45,855	725,149	670,405			
Capital Assets, Depreciable, Net	17,057,437	17,796,936	34,854,373	34,551,354			
Total Assets	22,366,047	21,739,816	44,105,863	43,863,320			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pension Related Amounts	2,191,196	225,567	2,416,763	1,691,669			
Other Postemployment Related Amounts	81,363	9,384	90,747	85,213			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,272,559	234,951	2,507,510	1,776,882			
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	55,712	7,778	63,490	133,044			
Accrued and Other Current Liabilities	70,448	7,245	77,693	89,217			
Due to Other Governments	-	-	-	1,045			
Accrued Interest Payable	60,269	48,588	108,857	112,786			
Special Deposits	8,577	-	8,577	10,367			
Long-Term Obligations:							
Due within One Year	735,329	1,237,849	1,973,178	738,324			
Due in More than One Year	8,189,838	5,800,917	13,990,755	15,872,054			
Other Postemployment Benefits	191,018	22,030	213,048	204,760			
Total Liabilities	9,311,191	7,124,407	16,435,598	17,161,597			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Property Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year	2,249,912	-	2,249,912	2,117,736			
Pension Related Amounts	2,847,528	296,880	3,144,408	2,134,445			
Other Postemployment Related Amounts	47,923	5,527	53,450	34,730			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,146,464	302,407	5,448,871	4,291,911			
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,184,338	10,835,421	20,019,759	20,403,019			
Restricted	1,443,555	1,795,516	3,239,071	1,554,552			
Unrestricted	(446,942)	1,917,016	1,470,074	2,229,123			
Total Net Position	\$ 10,180,951	\$ 14,547,953	\$ 24,728,904	\$ 24,186,694			

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

			Program Revenues						
	Operating				perating	Capital Gran			
			С	harges for	G	rants and		and	
Functions/Programs	!	Expenses		Services	_Co	ntributions	Cor	ntributions	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES									
General Government	\$	705,588	\$	91,900	\$	69,155	\$	_	
Public Safety		2,732,114		1,009,431		83,084		_	
Public Works		2,126,257		275,805		648,519		45,677	
Health and Human Services		2,460		-		-		_	
Culture and Recreation		916,931		383,710		94,261		-	
Conservation and Development		259,389		6,419		-		-	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		197,273		-		-		-	
Total Governmental Activities		6,940,012		1,767,265		895,019		45,677	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES									
Water Utility		880,533		1,073,639		-		10,194	
Sewer Utility		819,094		1,197,956		-		16,344	
Total Business-Type Activities		1,699,627		2,271,595				26,538	
Total	\$	8,639,639	\$	4,038,860	\$	895,019	\$	72,215	

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

(WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020)

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	Governmental	Business-Type	Tot				
	Activities	Activities	2021	2020			
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES							
General Government	\$ (544,533)	\$ -	\$ (544,533)	\$ (708,562)			
Public Safety	(1,639,599)	-	(1,639,599)	(2,104,964)			
Public Works	(1,156,256)	-	(1,156,256)	(1,820,121)			
Health and Human Services	(2,460)	-	(2,460)	(2,200)			
Culture and Recreation	(438,960)	-	(438,960)	(470,028)			
Conservation and Development	(252,970)	-	(252,970)	(36,917)			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(197,273)		(197,273)	(79,541)			
Total Governmental Activities	(4,232,051)	-	(4,232,051)	(5,222,333)			
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES							
Water Utility	_	203,300	203,300	138,212			
Sewer Utility	-	395,206	395,206	336,019			
Total Business-Type Activities		598,506	598,506	474,231			
Total	(4,232,051)	598,506	(3,633,545)	(4,748,102)			
GENERAL REVENUES							
Taxes:							
Property Taxes	1,971,632	-	1,971,632	1,766,680			
Tax Increments	146,068	-	146,068	210,081			
Other Taxes	31,920	-	31,920	38,346			
Federal and State Grants and Other							
Contributions not Restricted to							
Specific Functions	1,870,819	-	1,870,819	1,791,374			
Interest and Investment Earnings	11,657	3,040	14,697	53,987			
Miscellaneous	133,279	1,091	134,370	47,297			
Gain on sale of asset	6,250	(000,400)	6,250	-			
Transfers	208,192	(208,193)	(1)				
Total General Revenues and Transfers	4,379,817	(204,062)	4,175,755	3,907,765			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	147,766	394,444	542,210	(840,337)			
Net Position - Beginning of Year	10,033,185	14,153,509	24,186,694	25,027,031			
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 10,180,951	\$ 14,547,953	\$ 24,728,904	\$ 24,186,694			

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

(WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020)

		Capital	Other Debt Governmental			To	tals		
	General	Projects		Service		Funds	2021		2020
ASSETS									
Cash and Investments	\$ 801,043	\$ 281,850	\$	97,077	\$	398,376	\$ 1,578,346	\$	2,671,163
Receivables:									
Taxes and Special Charges	275,340	224,052		376,400		470,351	1,346,143		1,234,866
Delinquent Taxes	29,528	-		-		-	29,528		25,167
Accounts, Net	138,038	-		-		-	138,038		109,573
Special Assessments	138,926	-		-		-	138,926		143,127
Loans	-	-		-		100,243	100,243		119,406
Due from Other Funds	77,640	-		-		109,976	187,616		311,644
Due from Other Governments	 -	 -				-	 -		16,494
Total Assets	\$ 1,460,515	\$ 505,902	\$	473,477	\$	1,078,946	\$ 3,518,840	\$	4,631,440
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES									
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable	\$ 52,258	\$ 1,135	\$	-	\$	2,319	\$ 55,712	\$	128,189
Accrued and Other Current Liabilities	65,875	-		-		4,573	70,448		83,370
Due to Other Funds	2,195	-		-		185,421	187,616		293,412
Due to Other Governments	-	-		-		-	-		1,045
Special Deposits	 7,202	 -		_		1,375	8,577		15,367
Total Liabilities	127,530	1,135		-		193,688	322,353		521,383
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Property Taxes Levied for									
Subsequent Year	1,179,109	224,052		376,400		470,351	2,249,912		2,117,736
Special Charges Assessed	1,100	-		-		-	1,100		-
Loans Receivable	-	-		-		100,243	100,243		119,406
Special Assessments	138,926	 -		_		-	138,926		143,127
Total Deferred Inflows									
of Resources	1,319,135	224,052		376,400		570,594	2,490,181		2,380,269
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable	29,528	-		-		-	29,528		316,354
Restricted	-	-		97,077		108,655	205,732		897,507
Committed	-	280,715		-		392,904	673,619		767,478
Assigned	8,856	-		-		-	8,856		249,279
Unassigned	 (24,534)	 -				(186,895)	 (211,429)		(500,830)
Total Fund Balances	13,850	280,715		97,077		314,664	706,306		1,729,788
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows									
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 1,460,515	\$ 505,902	\$	473,477	\$	1,078,946	\$ 3,518,840	\$	4,631,440

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

DECEMBER 31, 2021 (WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020)

		2021	2020			
RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION		_				
Total Fund Balances as Shown on Previous Page	\$	706,306	\$	1,729,788		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:						
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		17,736,731		17,065,735		
Long-term assets are not considered available and; therefore, are not reported in the funds						
Net Pension Asset		1,298,092		633,318		
Other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.						
Loans Receivable		100,242		119,406		
Special Assessments		138,926		143,127		
Some deferred outflows and inflows of resources reflect changes in long-term liabilities and are not reported in the funds.						
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions		2,191,196		1,514,476		
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions		(2,847,528)		(1,906,107)		
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Postemployment Benefits		81,363		76,097		
Deferred Inflows Related to Other Postemployment Benefits		(47,923)		(31,015)		
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current						
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.						
Bonds, Notes and Capital Lease Payable		(8,216,454)		(8,387,335)		
Premium on Debt		(335,939)		(381,692)		
Compensated Absences		(372,774)		(298,839)		
Other Postemployment Benefit		(191,018)		(182,855)		
Accrued Interest on Long-Term Obligations		(60,269)		(60,919)		
Net Position of Governmental Activities as Reported	•	10 100 051	•	40,000,405		
on the Statement of Net Position (see Page 6)	\$	10,180,951	\$	10,033,185		

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

							Other				
			Capital	Debt		Go	vernmental			tals	
		General	 Projects		Service		Funds		2021		2020
REVENUES											
Taxes	\$	1,019,723	\$ 353,946	\$	339,958	\$	435,993	\$	2,149,620	\$	2,015,107
Special Assessments		54,348	-		-		-		54,348		127,269
Intergovernmental		2,119,458	430,570		-		144,240		2,694,268		2,390,724
Licenses and Permits		91,920	-		-		-		91,920		91,278
Fines and Forfeits		107,369	-		-		-		107,369		72,630
Public Charges for Services		938,469	-		-		434,697		1,373,166		1,064,439
Intergovernmental Charges for Services		102,931	-		-		52,500		155,431		151,112
Miscellaneous		42,801	 10,665		-		223,362		276,828		205,825
Total Revenues		4,477,019	795,181		339,958		1,290,792		6,902,950		6,118,384
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General Government		671,093	-		-		-		671,093		654,921
Public Safety		2,719,060	-		-		64,094		2,783,154		2,524,220
Public Works		1,141,006	-		-		314,754		1,455,760		1,449,012
Health and Human Services		2,460	-		-		-		2,460		2,200
Culture and Recreation		343,555	-		-		492,933		836,488		745,193
Conservation and Development		40,862	-		-		218,527		259,389		44,145
Debt Service:											
Principal		-	-		130,000		-		130,000		2,300,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-	-		209,958		33,717		243,675		363,140
Capital Outlay			1,752,605		-		-		1,752,605		2,070,416
Total Expenditures		4,918,036	1,752,605	_	339,958		1,124,025		8,134,624		10,153,247
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
Under Expenditures		(441,017)	(957,424)		-		166,767		(1,231,674)		(4,034,863)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Long-Term Debt Issued		-	-		-		-		-		4,305,000
Capital Lease Proceeds		-	-		-		-		_		217,335
Premium on Debt Issued		-	-		-		-		-		348,225
Transfers In		233,192	345,414		-		200,000		778,606		231,180
Transfers Out		-	-		-		(570,414)		(570,414)		(32,312)
Total Other Financing											
Sources (Uses)	_	233,192	 345,414	_	-		(370,414)		208,192		5,069,428
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(207,825)	(612,010)		-		(203,647)		(1,023,482)		1,034,565
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		221,675	 892,725		97,077		518,311		1,729,788		695,223
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	13,850	\$ 280,715	\$	97,077	\$	314,664	\$	706,306	\$	1,729,788

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	 2021	 2020
RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	_	_
Net Change in Fund Balances as Shown on Previous Page	\$ (1,023,482)	\$ 1,034,565
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital Assets Reported as Capital Outlay in Governmental Fund Statements Depreciation Expense Reported in the Statement of Activities	1,787,256 (1,116,260)	1,365,470 (1,004,160)
Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned.	(23,365)	(92,998)
Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Long-Term Debt Issued Capital Leases Issued Premium on Debt Issued	- - -	(4,305,000) (217,335) (348,225)
Principal Repaid Capital Leases Paid	130,000 40,881	2,300,000
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:		
Accrued Interest on Long-Term Debt Amortization of Debt Premium Compensated Absences Net Pension Asset Net Pension Liability	650 45,753 (73,935) 664,774	(11,235) 77,104 51,426 633,318 682,916
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions Other Postemployment Benefits	676,720 (941,421) (8,163)	(333,446) (953,163) (76,239)
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Other Postemployment Benefits Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Other	5,266	61,592
Postemployment Benefits Change in Not Register of Covernmental Activities as Reported	 (16,908)	 727
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities as Reported in the Statement of Activities (see Pages 7 - 8)	\$ 147,766	\$ (1,134,683)

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 (WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020)

	Budant						Fin	/ariance al Budget -				
	Budget				A -4I		Positive		2020			
REVENUES		Original		Final		Actual	<u>(r</u>	legative)		Actual		
Taxes	\$	1,021,115	\$	1,021,115	\$	1,018,123	\$	(2,992)	Ф	981,636		
Special Assessments	φ	124,000	φ	124,000	φ	54,348	φ	(69,652)	Ψ	127,269		
Intergovernmental		1,966,696		1,966,696		2,119,458		152,762		1,970,982		
Licenses and Permits		98,895		98,895		91,920		(6,975)		91,278		
Fines and Forfeits		74,500		74,500		107,369		32,869		72,630		
Public Charges for Services		851,750		851,750		938,469		86,719		758,514		
Intergovernmental Charges for Services		108,717		108,717		102,931		(5,786)		98,147		
Miscellaneous		106,550		106,550		42,474		(64,076)		71,622		
Total Revenues		4,352,223		4,352,223		4,475,092		122,869		4,172,078		
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
General Government		578,257		578,257		671,093		(92,836)		654,921		
Public Safety		2,494,771		2,494,771		2,704,581		(209,810)		2,512,154		
Public Works		1,119,326		1,119,326		1,141,006		(21,680)		1,108,584		
Health and Human Services		3,000		3,000		2,460		540		2,200		
Culture and Recreation		370,029		370,029		343,555		26,474		328,603		
Conservation and Development		73,504		73,504		40,862		32,642		27,714		
Total Expenditures	_	4,638,887		4,638,887		4,903,557		(264,670)		4,634,176		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues												
Under Expenditures		(286,664)		(286,664)		(428,465)		(141,801)		(462,098)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES												
Transfers In		220,000		220,000		233,192		13,192		198,868		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(66,664)		(66,664)		(195,273)		(128,609)		(263,230)		
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		202,005		202,005		202,005				465,235		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	135,341	\$	135,341	\$	6,732	\$	(128,609)	\$	202,005		

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2021

(WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020)

	Water and Sewer Utility					
	2021	2020				
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,480,229	\$ 1,520,033				
Receivables:						
Customer Accounts	494,475	512,875				
Special Assessments	60,339	44,814				
Due from Other Funds	-	30				
Due from Other Governments	11,211	13,625				
Prepaid Items	55,255	50,587				
Total Current Assets	2,101,509	2,141,964				
Noncurrent Assets:						
Restricted Assets: Cash and Investments	1,660,179	1,470,646				
Other Assets:						
Net Pension Asset	135,337	75,867				
Capital Assets:						
Nondepreciable	45,855	45,855				
Depreciable	17,796,936_	18,110,169				
Total Capital Assets	17,842,791	18,156,024				
Total Assets	21,739,816	21,844,501				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension Related Amounts	225,567	177,193				
Other Postemployment Related Amounts	9,384	9,116				
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	234,951	186,309				

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUND

DECEMBER 31, 2021

(WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020)

	Water and Sewer Utility						
	2021		2020				
LIABILITIES			_				
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	\$ 7,778	\$	4,855				
Accrued and Other Current Liabilities	7,245		5,847				
Due to Other Funds	-		18,262				
Accrued Interest Payable	48,588		51,867				
Current Portion of Long-Term Obligations	1,237,849		492,733				
Total Current Liabilities	1,301,460		573,564				
Long-Term Obligations, Less Current Portion:							
Revenue Bonds	5,637,151		6,867,267				
Debt Premium	132,370		151,580				
Compensated Absences	31,396		30,932				
Other Postemployment Benefits	22,030		21,905				
Total Long-Term Liabilities	5,822,947	. =	7,071,684				
Total Liabilities	7,124,407		7,645,248				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pension Related Amounts	296,880		228,338				
Other Postemployment Related Amounts	5,527		3,715				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	302,407	. =	232,053				
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	10,835,421		11,344,564				
Restricted	1,795,516		846,393				
Unrestricted	1,917,016		1,962,552				
Total Net Position	\$ 14,547,953	\$	14,153,509				
		. ==					

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Water and Sewer Utility			
	2021			2020
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for Services	\$	2,186,423	\$	2,184,370
Other		85,172		81,490
Total Operating Revenues		2,271,595		2,265,860
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Operation and Maintenance		899,145		981,201
Depreciation		532,573		527,402
Taxes		1,203		1,062
Total Operating Expenses		1,432,921		1,509,665
OPERATING INCOME		838,674		756,195
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest Income		3,157		18,148
Interest and Fiscal Charges		(285,916)		(301,174)
Amortization of Debt Premium		19,210		19,210
Other Nonoperating Revenues		974		835
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(262,575)		(262,981)
INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS AND CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		576,099		493,214
Capital Contributions		26,538		-
Transfers Out		(208,193)		(198,868)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		394,444		294,346
Net Position - Beginning of Year		14,153,509		13,859,163
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	14,547,953	\$	14,153,509

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Water and Sewer Utility			
	2021			2020
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash Received from Customers	\$	2,292,439	\$	2,301,020
Cash Paid for Employee Wages and Benefits		(524,202)		(581,717)
Cash Paid to Suppliers		(413,662)		(423,820)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		1,354,575		1,295,483
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Miscellaneous Revenue		974		835
Transfer to City for Property Tax Equivalent		(226,455)		(180,606)
Net Cash Used by Noncapital Financing Activities		(225,481)		(179,771)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition of Capital Assets		(229,840)		(531,781)
Sale of Capital Assets		10,500		_
Principal Paid on Long-Term Debt		(485,000)		(470,000)
Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt		(289,195)		(305,695)
Special Assessment Collections		11,013		13,439
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(982,522)		(1,294,037)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest Received		3,157		18,148
CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		149,729		(160,177)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		2,990,679		3,150,856
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	3,140,408	\$	2,990,679

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUND

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Water and Sewer Utility			
	2021		2020	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating Income	\$	838,674	\$	756,195
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net				
Cash Provided by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation		532,573		527,402
Change in Liability (Asset) and Deferred				
Outflows and Inflows of Resources:				
Change in WRS Asset/Liability		(59,470)		(160,629)
Change in WRS Deferred Outflow		(48,374)		51,185
Change in WRS Deferred Inflow		68,542		110,060
Change in OPEB Liability		125		8,672
Change in OPEB Deferred Outflow		(268)		(7,316)
Change in OPEB Deferred Inflow		1,812		(224)
Change in Operating Assets and Liabilities:				
Accounts Receivables		18,430		17,495
Due from Other Governments		2,414		17,665
Inventories and Prepaid Items		(4,668)		303
Accounts Payable		2,923		(12,154)
Accrued and Other Liabilities		1,398		(11,863)
Compensated Absences		464		(1,308)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	1,354,575	\$	1,295,483
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION				
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Current Assets	\$	1,480,229	\$	1,520,033
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Restricted Assets		1,660,179		1,470,646
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,140,408	\$	2,990,679

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Private Purpose Trust	Custodial Fund	Totals
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments Receivables:	\$ 116,363	\$ 1,397,406	\$ 1,513,769
Taxes	-	2,081,226	2,081,226
Total Assets	 116,363	 3,478,632	 3,594,995
DEFFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year	<u>-</u>	3,478,632	 3,478,632
NET POSITION Restricted	\$ 116,363	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 116,363

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	-	Private Purpose Trust	Custodial Fund	 Totals
ADDITIONS				
Donations	\$	50,424	\$ -	\$ 50,424
Taxes and Special Charges Collected			 3,367,846	 3,367,846
Total Additions		50,424	3,367,846	3,418,270
DEDUCTIONS				
Library Expenses		2,500	-	2,500
Payments to Other Taxing Districts			3,367,846	 3,367,846
Total Deductions		2,500	 3,367,846	 3,370,346
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		47,924	-	47,924
Net Position - Beginning of Year		68,439		68,439
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	116,363	\$ 	\$ 116,363

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the City of Oconto, Wisconsin (the City), have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the City are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal corporation governed by an elected seven member council. In accordance with U.S. GAAP, the basic financial statements are required to include the City (the primary government) and any separate component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the City. The City has not identified any component units that are required to be included in the basic financial statements in accordance with standards established in GASB Statement No. 61, as amended.

B. Related Organization

The City's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the Oconto Housing Authority, but the City's accountability for this organization does not extend beyond making the appointments. Therefore, this organization is not included in the City's reporting entity.

C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental funds include general, special revenue, debt service and capital projects funds. Proprietary funds include an enterprise fund. The City has no internal service funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund

This fund accounts for property taxes, long-term debt proceeds, and other revenues to finance the City's capital improvement projects.

Debt Service Fund

This fund accounts for the City's general debt expenditures.

The City reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water and Sewer Utility Fund

This fund accounts for the operation of the City's water and sewer utility.

Additionally, the City reports the following fiduciary funds:

Private Purpose Trust Fund

The City uses a private purpose trust fund to account for resources legally held in trust. All resources of the fund, including earnings on invested resources, are to be used to support the City library.

Custodial Fund

This fund accounts for property taxes and specials collected on behalf of other governments.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial* resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include intergovernmental grants, intergovernmental charges for services, public charges for services and interest. Other revenues such as licenses and permits, fines and forfeits and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's water and sewer functions and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, and fees and fines, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary fund is charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for a proprietary fund include the costs of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance

1. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are combined in the financial statements. Cash deposits consist of demand and time deposits with financial institutions and are carried at cost. Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all cash deposits and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less from date of acquisition are considered to be cash equivalents.

2. Property Taxes and Special Charges Receivable

Property taxes and special charges consist of taxes on real estate and personal property and user charges assessed against City properties. They are levied during December of the prior year and become an enforceable lien on property the following January 1. Property taxes are payable in various options depending on the type and amount. Personal property taxes and special charges are payable on or before January 31 in full. Real estate taxes are payable in full by January 31 or in two equal installments on or before January 31 and July 31. Real estate taxes not paid by January 31 are purchased by the County as part of the February tax settlement. Delinquent personal property taxes remain the collection responsibility of the City. Special charges not paid by January 31 are held in trust by the County and remitted to the City, including interest, when collected by the County.

In addition to its levy, the City also levies and collects taxes for the Oconto Unified School District, Oconto County, and Northeast Wisconsin Technical College. Collections and remittances of taxes for other entities are accounted for in the general fund.

3. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable have been shown net of allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$47,033.

4. Special Assessments

Assessments against property owners for public improvements are generally not subject to full settlement in the year levied. Special assessments are placed on tax rolls on an installment basis. Revenue from special assessments recorded in governmental funds is recognized as collections are made or as current installments are placed on tax rolls. Installments placed on the 2021 tax roll are recognized as revenue in 2022.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance (Continued)

5. Loans Receivable

The City has received federal and state grant funds for economic development and housing rehabilitation loan programs and has passed the funds to various businesses and individuals in the form of loans. The City records a loan receivable and expenditure when the loan has been made and the funds disbursed. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that the amount of such allowance would not be material to the basic financial statements. In the governmental funds, the City records a deferred inflow of resources for the net amount of the receivable. As the loans are repaid, revenue is recognized.

6. Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" and "due to other funds" in the fund financial statements

7. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors that will benefit periods beyond the end of the current fiscal year are recorded as prepaid items and are expensed in the periods benefitted.

Prepaid items of governmental funds in the fund financial statements are classified as nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they do not represent spendable available financial resources.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance (Continued)

8. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$3,000 or higher and an estimated useful life in excess of a year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Governmental	Business-Type
Assets	Activities	Activities
Buildings and Improvements	30 - 40 Years	25 - 50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	5 - 25 Years	3 - 10 Years
Infrastructure	5 - 40 Years	25 - 100 Years

9. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits in accordance with employee handbook policies and/or bargaining unit agreements. All vacation and sick leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds in the fund financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

10. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The recognition of those outflows and inflows as expenses or expenditures and revenues are deferred until the future periods to which the outflows and inflows are applicable.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance (Continued)

10. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

Governmental funds may report deferred inflows of resources for unavailable revenues. The City reports unavailable revenues for special assessments and loan receivables. These inflows are recognized as revenues in the government-wide financial statements.

11. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

12. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense (revenue), information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance (Continued)

13. Other Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund

The fiduciary net position of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits, OPEB expense (revenue), and information about the fiduciary net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from LRLIF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

14. Fund Equity

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance. Amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory, prepaid items, or long-term receivables) or are legally or contractually required to remain intact.
- Restricted Fund Balance. Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by external parties (such as grantor or bondholders), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed Fund Balance. Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by action of the City Council. These constraints can only be removed or changed by the City Council using the same action that was used to create them.
- Assigned Fund Balance. Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by action of City management. The City Council has authorized the City Administrator to assign fund balance.
- **Unassigned Fund Balance.** Amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive unassigned amounts are only reported in the General Fund.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance (Continued)

14. Fund Equity (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The City has not adopted a fund balance spend-down policy regarding the order in which fund balance will be utilized. When a policy does not specify the spend-down policy, GASB Statement No. 54 indicates that restricted funds would be spent first, followed by committed funds, and then assigned funds. Unassigned funds would be spent last.

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets. Amount of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and capital related deferred outflows of resources less outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and any capital related deferred inflows of resources.
- **Restricted Net Position.** Amount of net position that is subject to restrictions that are imposed by 1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- **Unrestricted Net Position.** Net position that is neither classified as restricted nor as net investment in capital assets.

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

G. Prior-Year Information

Comparative amounts for the prior year have been presented in the basic financial statements to provide an understanding of changes in the City's financial position and operations. The comparative amounts may be summarized in total and not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the government's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020, from which the summarized information was derived.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE

A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- 1. During November, City management submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the calendar year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. After submission to the governing body, public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments. Following the public hearings, the proposed budget, including authorized additions and deletions, is legally enacted by City Council action.
- 2. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the general, special revenue, and debt service funds. Budget is defined as the originally approved budget plus or minus approved amendments. Individual amendments throughout the year were not material in relation to the original budget. Budget appropriations not expended during the year are closed to fund balance unless authorized by the governing body to be forwarded into the succeeding year's budget. Management control over other special revenue funds is achieved by maintenance of separate cash and investment accounts. Management control over the TID No. 3, TID No. 4, TID No. 5, and capital project funds is achieved through District's project plans and capital improvement plans approved by the City Council.
- 3. During the year, formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the governmental funds adopting a budget.
- 4. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the function level for the City. Amendments to the budget during the year require initial approval by management and are subsequently authorized by the City Council.

The City did not have any material violation of legal or contractual provisions for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE (CONTINUED)

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Budget Appropriations

The following expenditure accounts of the general fund had actual expenditures in excess of budget appropriations for the year ended December 31, 2021 as follows:

	E	Excess
Fund	Expenditures	
General:	· -	
General Government:		
City Council and Mayor	\$	1,200
Municipal Court		2,491
City Attorney		16
Clerk-Treasurer		134
Accounting and Auditing		5,975
Assessor and Inspection		94,926
Municipal Building		11,823
Public Safety:		
Police Department		34,944
Fire Department		58,210
Ambulance		119,857
Public Works:		
Supervision		3,793
Sidewalk and Storm Sewer		1,361
Weed Control		37
Street Lighting		6,844
Garbage and Refuse		14,390
Culture and Recreation:		
Celebrations and Decorations		392

C. Deficit Fund Equity

The following funds had deficit fund balance as of December 31, 2021:

	Deficit Fund
Funds	 Balance
Recycling	\$ 77,739
Tax Incremental District No. 4	107,552
Tax Incremental District No. 5	1,604

The City anticipates funding the above deficits from future revenues of the funds.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE (CONTINUED)

D. Property Tax Levy Limit

Wisconsin state statutes provide for a limit on the property tax levies for all Wisconsin cities, villages, towns and counties. For the 2021 and 2022 budget years, Wisconsin Statutes limit the increase in the maximum allowable tax levy to the change in the City's January 1 equalized value as a result of net new construction. The actual limit for the City for the 2021 budget was 0.89%. The actual limit for the City for the 2022 budget was 1.10%. Debt service for debt authorized after July 1, 2005 is exempt from the levy limit. In addition, Wisconsin statutes allow the limit to be adjusted for the increase in debt service authorized prior to July 1, 2005 and in certain other situations.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash and Investments

The City maintains various cash and investment accounts, including pooled funds that are available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of these accounts is displayed on the financial statements as "Cash and investments".

Invested cash consists of deposits and investments that are restricted by Wisconsin Statutes to the following:

Time deposits; repurchase agreements; securities issued by federal, state and local governmental entities; statutorily authorized commercial paper and corporate securities; and the Wisconsin local government investment pool.

The carrying amount of the City's cash and investments totaled \$6,232,523 on December 31, 2021 as summarized below:

Petty Cash and Cash on Hand Deposits with Financial Institutions Investments:	\$ 4,880 5,776,332
Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool Total	\$ 451,311 6,232,523
Reconciliation to the Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and Investments	\$ 3,058,575
Restricted Cash and Investments Fiduciary Fund Statement of Net Position: Cash and Investments	1,660,179
Private Purpose Trust Fund	116,363
Custodial Fund	1,397,406
Total	\$ 6,232,523

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City currently has no investments that are subject to fair value measurement.

Deposits and investments of the City are subject to various risks. Presented below is a discussion of the City's deposits and investments and the related risks.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. Wisconsin statutes require repurchase agreements to be fully collateralized by bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government or its instrumentalities. The City does not have an additional custodial credit policy.

Deposits with financial institutions within the state of Wisconsin are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) in the amount of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all time and savings deposits and \$250,000 for interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing demand deposits per official custodian per insured depository institution. Deposits with financial institutions located outside the state of Wisconsin are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts per official custodian per depository institution.

Also, the state of Wisconsin has a State Guarantee Fund which provides a maximum of \$400,000 per public depository above the amount provided by an agency of the U.S. Government. However, due to the relatively small size of the State Guarantee Fund in relation to the Fund's total coverage, total recovery of insured losses may not be available. This coverage has been considered in determining custodial credit risk.

As of December 31, 2021, \$4,972,423 of the City's deposits with financial institutions were in excess of federal and state depository insurance limits. \$862,555 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or its trust department or agent by not in the City's name. \$4,109,868 was uncollateralized as of December 31, 2021.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Investment in Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool

The City has investments in the Wisconsin local government investment pool of \$451,311 at year-end. The Wisconsin local government investment pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF), and is managed by the state of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At December 31, 2021, the fair value of the City's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the carrying value.

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Wisconsin statutes limit investments in securities to the top two ratings assigned by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City does not have an additional credit risk policy. The City's investment in the Wisconsin local government investment pool is not rated.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The investments held by the Wisconsin local government investment pool mature in 12 months or less.

B. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets on December 31, 2021 totaled \$1,660,179 and consisted of cash and investments held for the following purposes:

Fund		Amount	Purpose
Enterprise Fund: Revenue Bond Requirements	\$	893,177	Debt reserve and principal and interest special redemption
Equipment Replacement	_	767,002	To be used for the replacement of certain equipment of the sewer utility
Total	\$	1,660,179	

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning							Ending
		Balance Increases		Decreases			Balance	
Governmental Activities:								
Capital Assets, Nondepreciable:								
Land	\$	585,567	\$	86,475	\$	-	\$	672,042
Construction in Progress		38,983		1,119,666		1,151,397		7,252
Total Capital Assets, Nondepreciable		624,550		1,206,141		1,151,397		679,294
Capital Assets, Depreciable:								
Buildings and Improvements		7,497,229		72,240		-		7,569,469
Machinery and Equipment		5,596,863		300,433		202,413		5,694,883
Infrastructure	•	15,479,887		1,359,839		-		16,839,726
Subtotals		28,573,979		1,732,512		202,413		30,104,078
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Buildings and Improvements		3,986,402		220,238		-		4,206,640
Machinery and Equipment		3,782,626		365,473		202,413		3,945,686
Infrastructure		4,363,766		530,549		-		4,894,315
Subtotals		12,132,794		1,116,260	_	202,413	_	13,046,641
Total Capital Assets,								
Depreciable, Net		16,441,185		616,252				17,057,437
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, Net	\$ -	17,065,735	\$	1,822,393	\$	1,151,397		17,736,731
Less: Capital Related Debt								8,216,454
Less: Debt Premium								335,939
Net Investment in Capital Assets							\$	9,184,338

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Capital Assets (Continued)

	Beginning Balance			ncreases	Decreases			Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities:								
Capital Assets, Nondepreciable:								
Land	\$	45,855	\$	-	\$	-	\$	45,855
Capital Assets, Depreciable:								
Buildings and Improvements		1,761,202		25,780		-		1,786,982
Machinery and Equipment		6,683,557		60,551		37,750		6,706,358
Infrastructure	1	8,694,031		143,509				18,837,540
Subtotals	2	27,138,790		229,840		37,750		27,330,880
Less Accumulated Depreciation		9,028,621		543,073		37,750		9,533,944
Total Capital Assets,								
Depreciable, Net	1	8,110,169		(313,233)				17,796,936
Business-Type Activities								
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1	8,156,024	\$	(313,233)	\$			17,842,791
Less: Capital Related Debt								6,875,000
Less: Debt Premium								132,370
Net Investment in Capital Assets							\$	10,835,421

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the City as follows:

Governmental Activities: General Government Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation	\$ 96,226 137,337 712,487 170,210
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 1,116,260
Business-Type Activities: Water Utility Sewer Utility	\$ 252,487 290,586
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 543,073

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

D. Interfund Receivable, Payables, and Transfers

Interfund receivables and payables between individual funds of the City, as reported in the fund financial statements, as of December 31, 2021 are detailed below:

	Re	F	Payables	
Operating Accounts Between Funds:				
General Fund	\$	77,640	\$	2,195
Holtwood Campground		2,195		-
Recycling		-		77,640
Tax Incremental District No. 3		107,781		-
Tax Incremental District No. 4		-		106,177
Tax Incremental District No. 5				1,604
Totals	\$	187,616	\$	187,616
		•		

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2021 were as follows:

Funds		ansfer In	Transfer Out		
General	\$	233,192	\$	-	
Capital Projects		345,414		-	
Tax Incremental District No. 3		200,000		-	
Revolving Loan		-		545,414	
Holtwood Campground		-		25,000	
Water and Sewer Utility		-		208,192	
Total	\$	778,606	\$	778,606	

Interfund transfers were made for the following purposes:

Tax Equivalent Payment Made by Water Utility	
to General Fund	\$ 208,192
Closeout Revolving Fund Loan to Capital Projects	345,414
Closeout Revolving Fund Loan to Tax Incremental District	200,000
Reimburse General Fund for Campground	25,000
Total	\$ 778,606

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the City for the year ended December 31, 2021:

	Beginning Balance		3 3		Retired		Ending Balance		ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities:				<u>.</u>					
General Obligation Debt:									
Bonds	\$	1,025,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,025,000	\$ 500,000
Notes		7,145,000		-		130,000		7,015,000	100,000
Total General Obligation Debt		8,170,000		-		130,000		8,040,000	600,000
Debt Premium		381,692		-		45,753		335,939	-
Capital Leases		217,335		-		40,881		176,454	42,135
Compensated Absences		298,839		178,775		104,840		372,774	93,194
Governmental Activities									
Long-Term Obligations	\$	9,067,866	\$	178,775	\$	321,474	\$	8,925,167	\$ 735,329
Business-Type Activities:									
Revenue Bonds	\$	6,530,000	\$	_	\$	435,000	\$	6,095,000	\$ 450,000
Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes		830,000		-		50,000		780,000	780,000
Debt Premium		151,580		_		19,210		132,370	· -
Compensated Absences		30,932		20,652		20,188		31,396	7,849
Business-Type Activities						<u> </u>		,	
Long-Term Obligations	\$	7,542,512	\$	20,652	\$	524,398	\$	7,038,766	\$ 1,237,849

Total interest paid during the year on long-term debt totaled \$532,395.

General Obligation Debt

General obligation debt currently outstanding is detailed as follows:

	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Original Indebtedness	Balance 12/31/21
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	08/26/15	10/01/23	3.625 - 4.0%	\$ 1,025,000	\$ 1,025,000
General Obligation Notes	05/23/17	04/01/27	3.00%	2,840,000	2,840,000
General Obligation Notes	02/26/20	10/01/29	2.00 - 3.00%	4,305,000	4,175,000
Total Outstanding General Obligation Debt					\$ 8,040,000

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

General Obligation Debt (Continued)

Annual principal and interest maturities of the outstanding general obligation debt of \$8,040,000 on December 31, 2021 are detailed below:

	Governmental Activities											
Year Ended December 31,		Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal		rincipal Interest		Total
2022	\$	600,000	\$	241,075	\$	841,075						
2023		725,000		220,950		945,950						
2024		775,000		188,075		963,075						
2025		825,000		167,325		992,325						
2026		825,000		145,575		970,575						
2027-2029		4,290,000		237,975		4,527,975						
Total	\$	8,040,000	\$	1,200,975	\$	9,240,975						

For governmental activities, the other long-term liabilities are generally funded by the general fund.

Legal Margin for New Debt

The City's legal margin for creation of additional general obligation debt on December 31, 2021 was \$4,220,150 as follows:

Equalized Valuation of the City	\$ 245,203,000
Statutory Limitation Percentage	(x) 5%
General Obligation Debt Limitation, Per	
Section 67.03 of the Wisconsin Statutes	12,260,150
Total Outstanding General Obligation Debt	
Applicable to Debt Limitation	8,040,000
Legal Margin for New Debt	\$ 4,220,150

Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes

Revenue bond anticipation notes outstanding on December 31, 2021 was comprised of the following issue:

	Date of	Final	Interest	Original Indebtedness		I	Balance
	Issue	Maturity	Rates			12/31/21	
Waterworks and Sewerage System				,	_		_
Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes	05/23/17	04/01/22	3.00 - 3.50%	\$	980,000	\$	780,000

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes (Continued)

Annual principal and interest maturities of the outstanding anticipation note debt of \$780,000 on December 31, 2021 are detailed below:

	Business-Type Activities					
Year Ended December 31,	F	Principal		nterest		Total
2022	\$	780,000	\$	13,650	\$	793,650

Revenue Bonds

Revenue bonds outstanding on December 31, 2021 totaled \$6,095,000 and were comprised of the following issue:

	Date of	Final	Interest	Original	Balance
	Issue	Maturity	Rates	Indebtedness	12/31/21
Waterworks and Sewerage System	06/27/12	05/01/32	3.0 - 5.0%	\$ 9,550,000	\$ 6,095,000

Annual principal and interest maturities of the outstanding revenue bonds of \$6,095,000 on December 31, 2021 are detailed below:

	Business-Type Activities						
Year Ended December 31,		Principal	Interest		Total		
2022	\$	450,000	\$	244,883	\$	694,883	
2023		465,000		230,123		695,123	
2024		485,000		210,324		695,324	
2025		510,000		185,450		695,450	
2026		530,000		159,450		689,450	
2027-2031		2,985,000		441,700		3,426,700	
2032		670,000		13,400		683,400	
Total	\$	6,095,000	\$	1,485,330	\$	7,580,330	

Utility Revenues Pledged

The City has pledged future water and sewer customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the water and sewer system revenue bonds. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the construction or acquisition of capital assets used with the systems. The bonds are payable solely from water and sewer customer net revenues and are payable through 2032. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$7,580,330. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$773,720 and \$1,365,353, respectively.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Capital Lease

The City is obligated under a lease accounted for as a capital lease that were used to finance the acquisition of capital assets. The cost of the capital asset under the capital lease are \$217,335 and the related accumulated depreciation is \$47,089 as of December 31, 2021.

The following is a schedule of minimum lease payments under the lease agreement and the present values of the minimum lease payments at June 30, 2021.

	Go۱	/ernmental
Year Ending		Activities
2022	\$	47,548
2023		47,548
2024		47,548
2025		47,548
Subtotal		190,192
Less: Amount Representing Interest		13,738
Present Value of Future Minimum Lease Payments	\$	176,454

F. Pension Plan

1. Plan Description

The WRS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible state of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, expected to work at least 1200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which can be found at https://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

F. Pension Plan (Continued)

1. Plan Description (Continued)

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupations and 62 for elected officials, and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before December 31, 2016 are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required.

Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

2. Postretirement Adjustments

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s.40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

F. Pension Plan (Continued)

2. Postretirement Adjustments (Continued)

	Core Fund	Variable Fund
<u>Year</u>	_ Adjustment %_	_Adjustment %
2011	(1.2)%	11.0 %
2012	(7.0)	(7.0)
2013	(9.6)	9.0
2014	4.7	25.0
2015	2.9	2.0
2016	0.5	(5.0)
2017	2.0	4.0
2018	2.4	17.0
2019	-	(10.0)
2020	1.7	21.0

3. Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, executives and elected officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the executives and elected officials category was merged into the general employee category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the year ending December 31, 2021, the WRS recognized \$284,316 in contributions from the City.

Contribution rates for the reporting period are:

Employee Category	Employee	<u>Employer</u>
General (Including Teachers, Executives		
and Elected Officials)	6.75 %	6.75 %
Protective with Social Security	6.75	11.75
Protective without Social Security	6.75	16.35

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

F. Pension Plan (Continued)

4. Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2021, the City reported an asset of \$1,433,429 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019 rolled forward to December 31, 2020. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2020, the City's proportion was 0.02296010%, which was an increase of 0.00096614% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2019.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the City recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$153,272.

At December 31, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
		Outflows		Inflows
	of	Resources	of	Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	2,074,612	\$	446,868
Net Differences Between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		-		2,691,148
Changes in Assumptions		32,513		-
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between				
Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share				
of Contributions		25,322		6,392
Employer Contributions Subsequent to the				
Measurement Date		284,316		-
Total	\$	2,416,763	\$	3,144,408
		•		•

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

F. Pension Plan (Continued)

4. Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$284,316 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	 Expense
2022	\$ (261,642)
2023	(67,759)
2024	(480,722)
2025	 (201,838)
Total	\$ (1,011,961)

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date: December 31, 2019

Measurement Date of Net Pension

Liability (Asset): December 31, 2020 Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method: Fair Value Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: 7.0% Discount Rate: 7.0%

Salary Increases:

Inflation 3.0%

Seniority/Merit 0.1% - 5.6%

Mortality Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table

Postretirement Adjustments* 1.9%

* No postretirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.9% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the postretirement discount rate.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

F. Pension Plan (Continued)

5. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2017. The total pension liability for December 31, 2020 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term	
		Expected	Long-Term
		Nominal	Expected Real
	Current Asset	Rate of	Rate of
	Allocation %	Return %	Return %
Core Fund Asset Class:			
Global Equities	51.0 %	7.2 %	4.7 %
Fixed Income	25.0	3.2	0.8
Inflation Sensitive Assets	16.0	2.0	(0.4)
Real Estate	8.0	5.6	3.1
Private Equity/Debt	11.0	10.2	7.6
Multi-Asset	4.0	5.8	3.3
Cash	(15.0)	0.9	N/A
Total Core Fund	100.0 %	6.6 %	4.1 %
Variable Fund Asset Class:			
U.S. Equities	70.0 %	6.6 %	4.1 %
International Equities	30.0	7.4	4.9
Total Variable Fund	100.0 %	7.1 %	4.6 %

New England Pension Consultants Long Term U.S. CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.4%

Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

F. Pension Plan (Continued)

5. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Single Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability for the current and prior year. This single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 2.00% (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2020. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 7.00% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.9% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan members contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.0%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0%) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease to		Current	19	6 Increase to
	Di	scount Rate	Di	scount Rate	Di	scount Rate
		(6.00%)		(7.00%)		(8.00%)
City's Proportionate Share of the						
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	1,364,427	\$	(1,433,429)	\$	(3,488,437)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

6. Payable to the Pension Plan

At December 31, 2021, the City reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2021.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

G. Other Postemployment Benefits

1. Plan Description

The LRLIF is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides postemployment life insurance benefits for all eligible employees.

2. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (CAFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

3. Benefits Provided

The LRLIF plan provides fully paid up life insurance benefits for post-age 64 retired employees and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

4. Contributions

The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contributions made during a member's working lifetime funds a postretirement benefit.

Employers are required to pay the following contributions based on member contributions for active members to provide them with Basic Coverage after age 65. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, they must continue paying the member premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2021 are:

Coverage Type	Employer Contribution
50% Postretirement Coverage	40% of Member Contribution
25% Postretirement Coverage	20% of Member Contribution

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

G. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

4. Contributions (Continued)

Member contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participating employees must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The member contribution rates in effect for the year ended December 31, 2020 are listed below:

Life Insurance
Member Contribution Rates*
Year Ended December 31, 2020

1 Gai 211 a Gai 2 Gai 11 Gai 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7						
Basic	Supplemental					
\$0.05	\$0.05					
0.06	0.06					
0.07	0.07					
0.08	80.0					
0.12	0.12					
0.22	0.22					
0.39	0.39					
0.49	0.49					
0.57	0.57					
	Basic \$0.05 0.06 0.07 0.08 0.12 0.22 0.39 0.49					

^{*}Disabled members under age 70 receive a waiver-of-premium benefit.

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the LRLIF recognized \$689 in contributions from the employer.

5. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At December 31, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$213,048 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020 rolled forward to December 31, 2020. No material changes in assumptions or benefits terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2020, the City's proportion was 0.03873100%, which was a decrease of 0.00935500% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$22,248.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

- G. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)
 - 5. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

At December 31, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Ī	eferred nflows lesources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	-	\$	10,166
Net Differences Between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments		3,102		_
Changes in Assumptions		82,879		14,618
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between				
Employer Contributions and Proportionate				
Share of Contributions		4,766		28,666
Total	\$	90,747	\$	53,450

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Ex	pense
2022	\$	7,633
2023		7,298
2024		6,953
2025		5,737
2026		8,512
Thereafter		1,164
Total	\$	37,297

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

- G. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)
 - 5. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Valuation Date: January 1, 2020

Measurement Date of Net

OPEB Liability (Asset): December 31, 2020 Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

20 Year Tax-Exempt Municipal

Bond Yield: 2.12%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: 4.25%
Discount Rate: 2.25%

Salary Increases:

Inflation 3.00% Seniority/Merit 0.1% - 5.6%

Mortality: Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2017. The total OPEB liability for December 31, 2020 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the January 1, 2020 actuarial valuation.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF are held with Securian, the insurance carrier. Interest is calculated and credited to the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carriers' general fund, specifically 10-year A- Bonds (as a proxy, and not tied to any specific investments). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier guarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

- G. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)
 - 5. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets (Continued)

		Target	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate
Asset Class	Index	Allocation	of Return %
U.S. Credit Bonds U.S. Mortgages	Barclays Credit Barclays MBS	50% 50%	1.47% 0.82%
Inflation			2.20%
Long-Term Expected Rate	e of Return		4.25%

The long-term expected rate of return and expected inflation rate remained unchanged from the prior year at 4.25% and 2.20%, respectively. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

Single Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 2.25% was used to measure the total OPEB liability for the current year. The significant change in the discount rate was primarily caused by the decrease in the municipal bond rate from 2.74% as of December 31, 2019 to 2.12% as of December 31, 2020. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be insufficient. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through December 31, 2036.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made according to the current employer contribution schedule and that contributions are made by plan members retiring prior to age 65.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

- G. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)
 - 5. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

<u>Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 2.25%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to		Current		1% Increase to	
	Discount Rate		Discount Rate		Discount Rate	
	(1.25%)		(2.25%)		(3.25%)	
City's Proportionate Share of the						
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	289,807	\$	213,048	\$	154,998

6. Payable to the OPEB Plan

At December 31, 2021, the City reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contribution to the Plan required for the year ended December 31, 2021.

H. Fund Equity

Nonspendable Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, portions of the governmental fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either 1) not in spendable form or 2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. At December 31, 2021, nonspendable fund balance was as follows:

General Fund:

Nonspendable:

Delinquent Special Assessments

\$ 29,528

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

H. Fund Equity (Continued)

Restricted Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, portions of governmental fund balances are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted for use for a specific purpose. At December 31, 2021, restricted fund balance was as follows:

Debt Service Fund:

Restricted for:

Retirement of Long-Term Debt \$ 97,077

Capital Projects Funds:

Restricted for:

Tax Incremental District No. 3 Project Plan 108,655

Total Restricted Fund Balance \$ 205,732

Committed Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, portions of government fund balances are committed by City Council action. At December 31, 2021, governmental fund balance was committed as follows:

Special Revenue Funds:

Committed for:

Airport	\$	132,402
Capital Projects		280,715
Docks/Breakwater		58,486
Holtwood Campground		39,329
K-9 Police		18,909
Library		143,778
		_
	_	

Total Committed Fund Balance \$ 673,619

Assigned Fund Balance

Portions of governmental fund balances have been assigned to represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. At December 31, 2021, fund balance was assigned as follows:

General Fund:

Assigned for Crime Prevention \$ 8,856

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

H. Fund Equity (Continued)

Minimum General Fund Balance Policy

The City Council has adopted a minimum fund balance policy of 8% - 15% of annual budgeted expenditures for the general fund. The minimum fund balance amount is calculated as follows:

Budgeted 2021 General Fund Expenditures	\$	4,638,887
Minimum Fund Balance %		(x) 8% - 15%
Minimum Fund Balance Amount	\$ 37	1,111 - 695,833

The City's unassigned general fund deficit of \$24,534 is below the minimum fund balance range.

Net Position

The City reports restricted net position at December 31, 2021 as follows:

Governmental Activities: Restricted for:		
TID Project Plan	\$	108,655
Debt Service	Ψ	36,808
Pension Benefits		1,298,092
Total Governmental Activities		
Restricted Net Position		1,443,555
Business-Type Activities:		
Restricted for:		
Debt Service		893,177
Equipment Replacement		767,002
Pension Benefits		135,337
Total Business-Type Activities		
Restricted Net Position		1,795,516
Total Restricted Net Position	\$	3,239,071

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION

A. Tax Incremental Financing Districts

The City has established separate capital projects funds for Tax Incremental District (TID) No. 3, and No. 4 which were created by the City in accordance with Section 66.1105 of the Wisconsin Statutes. At the time the Districts were created, the property tax base within each District was "frozen" and increment taxes resulting from increases to the property tax base are used to finance District improvements, including principal and interest on long-term debt issued by the City to finance such improvements. The Statutes allow eligible project costs to be incurred up to five years prior to the maximum termination date. The City's Districts are still eligible to incur project costs.

Since creation of the above Districts, the City has provided various financing sources to the TID. The foregoing amounts are not recorded as liabilities in the TID capital project fund but can be recovered by the City from any future excess tax increment revenues. As of December 31, 2021, the City can recover \$1,132,176 from future excess tax increment revenues of the following:

	Re	Recoverable		
		Costs		
TID No. 3	\$	141,302		
TID No. 4	990,874			

The intent of the City is to recover the above amounts from future TID surplus funds, if any, prior to termination of the respective Districts. Unless terminated by the City prior thereto, each TID has a statutory termination year as follows:

	Termination
	Year
TID No. 3	2027
TID No. 4	2029

Tax Incremental District Number 5 has not been officially created with the Wisconsin Department of Revenue as of December 31, 2021. Expenses in the current year are startup costs for the TID.

B. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. The City completes an annual review of its insurance coverage to ensure adequate coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

C. Contingencies

From time to time, the City is party to other various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecast with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the City Attorney that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position or results of operations.

D. Subsequent Event

On February 8, 2022 the City refunded the 2017B Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes and the 2012 Waterworks and Sewerage System Revenue Bonds with the 2022A Waterworks and Sewerage System Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$9,210,000.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

Plan Year Ending	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Covered Payroll (Plan Year)	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)
12/31/14	0.01961865%	\$ (481,888)	\$ 2,044,068	23.57 %	102.74 %
12/31/15	0.01951392%	317,097	2,090,571	15.17	98.20
12/31/16	0.01989446%	163,978	2,185,657	7.50	99.12
12/31/17	0.02113673%	(627,574)	2,414,851	25.99	102.93
12/31/18	0.02157803%	767,678	2,296,813	33.42	96.45
12/31/19	0.02199396%	(709,185)	2,416,313	(29.35)	102.96
12/31/20	0.02296010%	(1,433,429)	2,645,160	(54.19)	105.26

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ending	F	ntractually Required ntributions	Rela Co	tributions in ation to the ntractually Required ntributions	Defic	bution iency ess)		Covered Payroll iscal Year)	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/15	\$	188.692	\$	188.692	\$	_	\$	2,090,571	9.03 %
12/31/16	Ψ	195,885	Ψ	195,885	Ψ	_	Ψ	2,185,657	8.96
12/31/17		234,726		234,726		_		2,414,851	9.72
12/31/18		213,286		213,286		-		2,296,813	9.29
12/31/19		226,298		226,298		-		2,416,313	9.37
12/31/20		290,105		290,105		-		2,645,161	10.97
12/31/21		284,316		284,316		-		2,698,315	10.54

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

Plan Fiscal Year Ending	Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	Sh N	oportionate nare of the let OPEB oility (Asset)	Covered- Employee Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset)
12/31/17	0.04686800%	\$	144,391	\$ 2,414,851	5.98 %	44.81 %
12/31/18	0.04644700%		119,849	2,296,813	5.22	48.69
12/31/19	0.04808600%		204,760	2,309,000	8.87	37.50
12/31/20	0.03873100%		213,048	2,381,000	8.95	31.36

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ending	Red	actually quired ibutions	Relati Cont Re	butions in ion to the ractually quired ributions	Defic	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered- Employee Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		
12/31/18	\$	892	\$	892	\$	-	\$	2,296,813	0.04 %		
12/31/19		953		953		-		2,309,000	0.04		
12/31/20		782		782		-		2,381,000	0.03		
12/31/21		689		689		-		2,698,315	0.03		

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 1 WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM

There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in the WRS.

No significant change in assumptions were noted from the prior year.

The City is required to present the last ten fiscal years of data; however accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

NOTE 2 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund.

Actuarial assumptions were based on an experience study conducted in 2018 using Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) experience from 2015-2017 and the discount rate was updated to reflect the municipal bond rate at the completion of the actuarial valuation.

The City is required to present the last ten fiscal years of data; however accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN DETAILED COMPARISON OF BUDGETED AND ACTUAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES – GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

				Variance Final Budget -	
	Bud	dget		Positive	2020
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
TAXES			•		
General Property	\$ 998,115	\$ 998,115	\$ 998,115	\$ -	\$ 954,989
Mobile Home Taxes	8,000	8,000	12,517	4,517	11,528
Payment in Lieu of Tax	15,000	15,000	7,491	(7,509)	15,119
Total Taxes	1,021,115	1,021,115	1,018,123	(2,992)	981,636
SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS					
Curb and Gutter	115,000	115,000	38,187	(76,813)	74,113
Sidewalks	-	-	10,002	10,002	50,030
Storm Sewers	-	-	1,688	1,688	3,111
Garbage Pickup	3,000	3,000	2,132	(868)	-
Miscellaneous	6,000	6,000	2,339	(3,661)	15
Total Special Assessments	124,000	124,000	54,348	(69,652)	127,269
INTERGOVERNMENTAL					
Federal:					
ARPA Grant	-	-	73,823	73,823	-
State:					
State Shared Taxes	1,782,298	1,782,298	1,779,793	(2,505)	1,777,964
Exempt Computer Aid	14,000	14,000	11,802	(2,198)	11,802
Fire Insurance	-	-	10,074	10,074	14,775
Law Enforcement	-	-	1,440	1,440	1,440
General Transportation Aids	152,244	152,244	173,371	21,127	152,244
Other State Grants	18,154	18,154	69,155	51,001	12,757
Total Intergovernmental	1,966,696	1,966,696	2,119,458	152,762	1,970,982
LICENSES AND PERMITS					
Licenses:					
Liquor and Malt Beverages	10,000	10,000	9,051	(949)	11,549
Other Business and Occupational					
Licenses	2,050	2,050	2,097	47	2,032
Dog and Cat	550	550	185	(365)	206
Bicycle Licenses	20	20	-	(20)	3
Mobile Home Licenses	75	75	75	-	75
Cable Television Fees	46,000	46,000	39,771	(6,229)	42,754
Permits:					
Building, Plumbing, and Electrical	38,200	38,200	38,679	479	33,114
Zoning	2,000	2,000	2,062	62	1,545
Total Licenses and Permits	98,895	98,895	91,920	(6,975)	91,278
FINES AND FORFEITS					
Court Fines and Penalties	72,500	72,500	105,434	32,934	69,654
Parking Violations	2,000	2,000	1,935	(65)	2,976
Total Fines and Forfeits	74,500	74,500	107,369	32,869	72,630

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN DETAILED COMPARISON OF BUDGETED AND ACTUAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES – GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budget				Variance Final Budget - Positive		2020	
		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)			Actual
PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES								
General Government	\$	16,000	\$ 16,000	\$ 12,975	\$	(3,025)	\$	13,821
Law Enforcement Fees		600	600	89		(511)		407
Ambulance Fees		700,000	700,000	799,012		99,012		635,526
Fire Department Fees		-	-	30		30		5
Public Works Fees		8,600	8,600	7,100		(1,500)		3,947
Weed and Nuisance Control		14,000	14,000	12,348		(1,652)		7,929
Garbage Collection		88,000	88,000	95,294		7,294		92,082
Swimming Pools		16,250	16,250	-		(16,250)		-
Park and Recreation Fees		8,300	8,300	11,621		3,321		4,797
Total Public Charges for Services	<u> </u>	851,750	851,750	 938,469		86,719		758,514
INTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES FOR SERVICES								
Township Ambulance and Fire Contracts		98,667	98,667	99,407		740		96,512
Township Rural Calls		10,000	10,000	3,524		(6,476)		1,635
Other Fire Department Fees		50	50	-		(50)		-
Total Intergovernmental								,
Charges for Services		108,717	108,717	102,931		(5,786)		98,147
MISCELLANEOUS								
Interest on Investments		75,000	75,000	3,477		(71,523)		33,534
Interest on Special Assessments		11,700	11,700	8,113		(3,587)		2,305
Rental Income		11,300	11,300	8,721		(2,579)		10,587
Insurance Dividends, Recoveries,		,	,	-,		(=,-:-)		,
and Refunds		_	_	8,169		8,169		6,394
Donations		2,350	2,350	6,536		4,186		1,825
Sale of Property		5,000	5,000	5,000		-		14,000
Other		1,200	1,200	2,458		1,258		2,977
Total Miscellaneous		106,550	106,550	42,474		(64,076)		71,622
Total Revenues		4,352,223	4,352,223	4,475,092		122,869		4,172,078
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers In		220,000	220,000	233,192		13,192		198,868
Total Revenues and								
Other Financing Sources	\$	4,572,223	\$ 4,572,223	\$ 4,708,284	\$	136,061	\$	4,370,946

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN DETAILED COMPARISON OF BUDGETED AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURES GENERAL FUND

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budget			Fina	/ariance al Budget - Positive	2020	
	Original	-9	Final	Actual		legative)	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT						<u> </u>	
City Council and Mayor	\$ 50,620	\$	50,620	\$ 51,820	\$	(1,200)	\$ 48,949
Municipal Court	73,646		73,646	76,137		(2,491)	70,007
City Attorney	34,421		34,421	34,437		(16)	33,337
Clerk - Treasurer	133,461		133,461	133,595		(134)	129,666
Elections	8,228		8,228	6,435		1,793	20,351
Technology	55,500		55,500	44,936		10,564	48,581
Accounting and Auditing	11,800		11,800	17,775		(5,975)	12,231
Assessor and Inspection	110,905		110,905	205,831		(94,926)	108,628
Board of Review	500		500	350		150	350
Municipal Building	59,600		59,600	71,423		(11,823)	67,116
Property and Liability Insurance	29,576		29,576	28,354		1,222	17,060
Employee Retirements	10,000		10,000	-		10,000	44,158
Uncollectible Taxes and Special Charges			-	 -		- (00.000)	 54,487
Total General Government	578,257		578,257	671,093		(92,836)	654,921
PUBLIC SAFETY							
Police Department	984,641		984,641	1,019,585		(34,944)	979,621
Fire Department	1,214,540		1,214,540	1,272,750		(58,210)	1,208,361
Ambulance	275,000		275,000	394,857		(119,857)	313,685
Crossing Guards	18,590		18,590	17,389		1,201	9,842
Disaster Control	2,000		2,000			2,000	645
Total Public Safety	2,494,771		2,494,771	2,704,581		(209,810)	2,512,154
PUBLIC WORKS							
Supervision	679,137		679,137	682,930		(3,793)	664,846
Buildings	43,462		43,462	42,498		964	36,526
Machinery	117,627		117,627	117,541		86	121,769
Street Maintenance	4,500		4,500	4,392		108	4,997
Traffic Control	6,600		6,600	6,549		51	4,816
Snow and Ice Control	41,500		41,500	37,964		3,536	57,859
Sidewalk and Storm Sewer	10,000		10,000	11,361		(1,361)	11,016
Weed Control	-		-	37		(37)	31
Street Lighting	92,500		92,500	99,344		(6,844)	86,952
Garbage and Refuse	124,000		124,000	138,390		(14,390)	119,772
Total Public Works	1,119,326		1,119,326	1,141,006		(21,680)	1,108,584
HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES							
Animal Control	3,000		3,000	2,460		540	2,200
CULTURE AND RECREATION							
Historical Society	500		500	500		-	500
Parks	332,089		332,089	329,644		2,445	312,998
Recreation Programs and Events	8,572		8,572	8,545		27	7,895
Swimming Pools	28,068		28,068	3,674		24,394	6,685
Celebrations and Decorations	800		800	1,192		(392)	525
Total Culture and Recreation	370,029		370,029	343,555		26,474	328,603
CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT							
Forestry	31,044		31,044	6,191		24,853	688
Tourism	42,460		42,460	34,671		7,789	27,026
Total Conservation and Development	73,504		73,504	40,862		32,642	27,714
Total Expenditures	\$ 4,638,887	\$	4,638,887	\$ 4,903,557	\$	(264,670)	\$ 4,634,176

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Special Revenue									
ASSETS		Airport	Docks/ Breakwater		Recycling		Community Revolving Loan		Library	
Cash and Investments	\$	133,265	\$	59,469	\$	-	\$	-	\$	148,679
Receivables:										
Taxes and Special Charges		52,500		-		9,072		-		196,811
Loans Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		100,243		-
Due from Other Funds		<u>-</u>						-		
Total Assets	\$	185,765	\$	59,469	\$	9,072	\$	100,243	\$	345,490
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES										
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$	263	\$	983	\$	_	\$	-	\$	1,027
Accrued and Other Current Liabilities		600		-		99		-		3,874
Due to Other Funds		-		-		77,640		-		-
Special Deposits		-		-				-		-
Total Liabilities		863		983		77,739		-		4,901
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property Taxes Levied for										
Subsequent Year		52,500		_		9,072		_		196,811
Loans Receivable		-		-		-		100,243		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		52,500		-		9,072		100,243		196,811
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-
Committed		132,402		58,486		-		-		143,778
Unassigned		-		-		(77,739)		-		-
Total Fund Balances		132,402		58,486		(77,739)		-		143,778
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	185,765	\$	59,469	\$	9,072	\$	100,243	\$	345,490

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Special Revenue				Capital Projects							
		Holtwood Campground		K-9 Police		Tax Incremental District No. 3		Tax Incremental District No. 4		Tax Incremental District No. 5		Totals
ASSETS												
Cash and Investments Receivables:	\$	37,180	\$	18,909	\$	874	\$	-	\$	-	\$	398,376
Taxes and Special Charges Loans		-		5,000		38,109		168,859		- -		470,351 100,243
Due from Other Funds		2,195		-		107,781		-				109,976
Total Assets	\$	39,375	\$	23,909	\$	146,764	\$	168,859	\$		\$	1,078,946
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES												
LIABILITIES												
Accounts Payable	\$	46	\$	=	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,319
Accrued and Other Current Liabilities		-		-		-		-		-		4,573
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		106,177		1,604		185,421
Special Deposits		-		-		-		1,375				1,375
Total Liabilities		46		-		-		107,552		1,604		193,688
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property Taxes Levied for												
Subsequent Year		-		5,000		38,109		168,859		-		470,351
Loans Receivable		-		-		-		-		<u>-</u>		100,243
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		5,000		38,109		168,859		-		570,594
FUND BALANCES												
Restricted		-		-		108,655		-		-		108,655
Committed		39,329		18,909		-		-		-		392,904
Unassigned		-		-		-		(107,552)		(1,604)		(186,895)
Total Fund Balances		39,329		18,909		108,655		(107,552)		(1,604)		314,664
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of												
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	39,375	\$	23,909	\$	146,764	\$	168,859	\$	-	\$	1,078,946

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Special Revenue								
	Airport	Docks/ Breakwater	Recycling	Community Revolving Loan	Library				
REVENUES	7 til port	Dicarwater	recoyoning	Louit	Library				
Taxes	\$ 52,500	\$ 12,768	\$ 16,922	\$ -	\$ 195,823				
Intergovernmental	30.000	-	14,578	-	94,261				
Public Charges for Services	76,883	90,606	-	=	2,452				
Intergovernmental Charges for									
Services	52,500	=	=	=	=				
Miscellaneous	34	41,723	19,024	23,521	9,893				
Total Revenues	211,917	145,097	50,524	23,521	302,429				
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	-				
Public Works	152,669	127,527	34,558	=	-				
Culture and Recreation	=	=	-	=	295,033				
Conservation and Development	-	-	-	-	-				
Debt Service:									
Interest and Fiscal Charges									
Total Expenditures	152,669	127,527	34,558		295,033				
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)									
Expenditures	59,248	17,570	15,966	23,521	7,396				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers In	-	-	-	-	-				
Transfers Out				(545,414)					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			-	(545,414)					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	59,248	17,570	15,966	(521,893)	7,396				
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	73,154	40,916	(93,705)	521,893	136,382				
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 132,402	\$ 58,486	\$ (77,739)	\$ -	\$ 143,778				

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Special	Revenue				
			Tax	Tax	Tax	
	Holtwood	K-9	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental	
	Campground	Police	District No. 3	District No. 4	District No. 5	Totals
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,626	\$ 138,354	\$ -	\$ 435,993
Intergovernmental	-	-	4,332	1,069	-	144,240
Public Charges for Services	264,756	-	-	-	=	434,697
Intergovernmental Charges for						
Services	-	-	-	-	-	52,500
Miscellaneous		83,003	46,164			223,362
Total Revenues	264,756	83,003	70,122	139,423	-	1,290,792
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Public Safety	-	64,094	-	-	=	64,094
Public Works	-	-	-	-	-	314,754
Culture and Recreation	197,900	-	-	-	-	492,933
Conservation and Development	-	-	200,150	16,773	1,604	218,527
Debt Service						
Interest and Fiscal Charges				33,717		33,717
Total Expenditures	197,900	64,094	200,150	50,490	1,604	1,124,025
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	66,856	18,909	(130,028)	88,933	(1,604)	166,767
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers In	=	=	200,000	-	=	200,000
Transfers Out	(25,000)	_	, -	-	=	(570,414)
Total Other Financing Sources						
(Uses)	(25,000)	-	200,000			(370,414)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	41,856	18,909	69,972	88,933	(1,604)	(203,647)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	(2,527)		38,683	(196,485)	-	518,311
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 39,329	\$ 18,909	\$ 108,655	\$ (107,552)	\$ (1,604)	\$ 314,664

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN SCHEDULE OF WATER UTILITY OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	2021	2020		
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for Services:				
Residential	\$ 414,616	\$ 406,901		
Multi-Family	34,925	35,333		
Commercial	66,697	64,842		
Industrial	13,852	13,666		
Public Authority	58,254	36,198		
Private Fire Protection	18,070	17,496		
Public Fire Protection	387,528	375,924		
Total Charges for Services	993,942	950,360		
Other Revenues:				
Forfeited Discounts	4,643	4,064		
Rental Income from Property	66,765	64,391		
Other Water Revenues	8,289	8,463		
Total Other Revenues	79,697	76,918		
Total Operating Revenues	1,073,639	1,027,278		
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Operation and Maintenance:				
Source of Supply/Treatment:				
Operation Supplies and Expenses	37,360	36,725		
Transmission and Distribution:	07,000	00,720		
Maintenance of Distribution Reservoirs and Standpipes	45,637	46,086		
Maintenance of Mains	39,558	32,953		
Maintenance of Mains Maintenance of Services	62,910	58,889		
Maintenance of Meters	11,149	9,345		
Maintenance of Hydrants Total Transmission and Distribution	8,019 167,273	9,047		
	107,273	156,320		
Customer Accounts:	14,300	12 700		
Meter Reading Labor	•	13,700		
Accounting and Collecting Labor	55,687	57,159		
Supplies and Expenses	4,758	5,589		
Total Customer Accounts	74,745	76,448		
Administrative and General:	00.475	00.400		
Salaries and Wages	96,175	86,488		
Office Supplies and Expenses	4,452	2,880		
Property Insurance	13,402	13,315		
Employees Pensions and Benefits	(17,984)	623		
Transportation	5,410	4,174		
Total Administrative and General	101,455	107,480		
Total Operation and Maintenance	380,833	376,973		
Depreciation	231,791	229,067		
Taxes	1,203	1,062		
Total Operating Expenses	613,827	607,102		
Operating Income	\$ 459,812	\$ 420,176		

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN SCHEDULE OF SEWER UTILITY OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	2021			2020		
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for Services:						
Residential	\$	752,825	\$	736,476		
Multi-Family		70,108		69,662		
Commercial		130,294		115,359		
Industrial		24,755		24,247		
Public Authority		51,640		42,482		
Sludge and Septic Processing		101,353		146,009		
Sanitary Districts Processing		61,506		99,775		
Total Charges for Services	-	1,192,481		1,234,010		
Other Revenues		, - , -		, - ,		
Forfeited Discounts		5,475		4,572		
Total Operating Revenues		1,197,956		1,238,582		
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Operation and Maintenance:						
Source of Supply/Treatment:						
Operation Labor		92,942		142,783		
Operation Supplies and Expenses		269,866		229,453		
Total Source of Supply/Treatment		362,808	-	372,236		
Transmission and Distribution:		, , , , , , ,		,		
Maintenance of Sewer Collection		61,915		107,692		
Customer Accounts:		0.,0.0		,		
Accounting and Collecting Labor		36,829		64,502		
Supplies and Expenses		7,854		8,114		
Total Customer Accounts		44,683		72,616		
Administrative and General:		11,000		. 2,0.0		
Administrative and General Salaries		37,399		30,451		
Supplies and Expenses		1,551		1,394		
Employee Benefits and Insurance		(19,649)		1,125		
Miscellaneous General		7,279		7,408		
Transportation		22,326		11,306		
Total Administrative and General		48,906		51,684		
Total Operation and Maintenance		518,312		604,228		
Depreciation		300,782		298,335		
Depreciation		300,702		290,333		
Total Operating Expenses		819,094		902,563		
Operating Income	\$	378,862	\$	336,019		

ADDITIONAL INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT FOR BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City Council City of Oconto, Wisconsin

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Oconto, Wisconsin (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 9, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2021-002 and 2021-003 to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2021-001 and 2021-04 to be significant deficiencies.



Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Oconto's Response to Findings

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Green Bay, Wisconsin May 9, 2022

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Section I – Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2021-001

Control Deficiencies
Preparation of Annual Financial Report
Repeat of Finding 2020-001

Condition

Management and the Council of the City share the ultimate responsibility for the City's internal control system. While it is acceptable to outsource various accounting functions, the responsibility for internal control cannot be outsourced.

The City engages CliftonLarsonAllen LLP (CLA) to assist in preparing its financial statements and accompanying disclosures. However, as independent auditors, CLA cannot be considered part of the City's internal control system. As part of its internal control over the preparation of its financial statements, including disclosures, the City has implemented a comprehensive review procedure to ensure that the financial statements, including disclosures, are complete and accurate. Such review procedures should be performed by an individual possessing a thorough understanding of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and knowledge of the City's activities and operations.

The City's personnel have not monitored recent accounting developments to the extent necessary to enable them to prepare the City's financial statements and related disclosures, to provide a high level of assurance that potential omissions or other errors that are material would be identified and corrected on a timely basis.

Criteria

The preparation and review of the annual financial report, Municipal Financial Report, and Public Service Commission Report by staff with expertise in financial reporting is an internal control intended to prevent, detect and correct a potential omission or misstatement in the financial statements or notes or other required State Financial reports.

Cause

City management has determined that the additional costs associated with training staff to become experienced in applicable accounting principles and note disclosures outweigh the derived benefits.

Effect

Without our involvement, the City may not be able to completely prepare an annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Recommendation

We recommend the City continue reviewing the annual financial report. While it may not be cost beneficial to train additional staff to completely prepare the report, a thorough review of this information by appropriate staff of the City is necessary to obtain a complete and adequate understanding of the City's annual financial report, Municipal Financial Report and Public Service Commission Report.

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Section I – Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Continued)

Management Response

Management believes the cost for additional staff time and training to prepare year-end closing entries and reports outweigh the benefits to be received. Management has reviewed and approved the annual financial report prior to issuance.

2021-002

Control Deficiencies Adjustment to the City's Financial Records Repeat of Finding 2020-002

Condition

As part of our audit, we proposed adjusting journal entries that were material to the City's financial statements.

Criteria

Material adjusting journal entries proposed by the auditors are considered to be an internal control deficiency.

Cause

City staff maintains financial records which accurately report revenues and expenditures throughout the year. At year-end, entries to close the City's utilities, along with preparing GASB 34 conversion entries, are prepared by CLA from information provided by the City.

Effect

Year-end financial records prepared by the City may contain material misstatements without those closing and conversion entries.

Recommendation

We recommend the City designate an individual to obtain additional training in order to prepare the adjusting and closing entries. We are available to assist the individual in obtaining the understanding to prepare these entries.

Management Response

City management reviews the adjusting journal entries and approves these entries along with the annual financial report.

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Section I – Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Continued)

2021-003

Control Deficiencies
Capital Asset Additions
Repeat of Finding 2020-003

Condition

City staff should provide the current year asset additions and disposals, the method and rate of depreciation and the salvage value of the assets. From this information, we assist the City in recording the capital asset additions and disposals and calculation the annual depreciation expense. During our 2021 audit, we identified several material capital asset additions that were not reported to us by the City staff.

Criteria

A material adjustment to the underlying accounting records is considered to be an internal control deficiency.

Cause

The City does not have a system in place to identify capital asset transactions throughout the year.

Effect

The City could have capital assets transactions which are not reflected in the detailed capital asset records and the annual financial report.

Recommendation

We recommend the City develop a system to identify capital asset additions and disposals throughout the year. Many governments your size identify new additions at the time the related invoice is paid and maintain a copy of the invoice for the auditors.

Management Response

The City will work to create a spreadsheet to track the acquisition and disposals of assets throughout the year. A copy of each invoice will be retained for the auditors.

CITY OF OCONTO, WISCONSIN SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Section I – Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Continued)

2021-004

Control Deficiencies
Segregation of Duties
Repeat of Finding 2020-004

Condition

The City has a combined clerk/treasurer/administrator position that completes the majority of financial and recordkeeping duties of the general City's operations. Accordingly, this does not allow for a proper segregation of duties for internal control purposes.

Criteria

Segregation of duties is an internal control intended to prevent or decrease the occurrence of errors or intentional fraud. Segregation of duties ensures that no single employee has control over all phases of a transaction.

Cause

The segregation of duties is due not properly segregating duties to the employees of the City's operations. In addition, the City has not completed a risk assessment and review of internal controls to identify additional mitigating and compensating controls which could be implemented to reduce the risk of errors or intentional fraud.

Effect

Errors or intentional fraud could occur and not be detected timely by other employees in the normal course of their responsibilities as a result of the lack of segregation of duties.

Recommendation

We recommend the City perform a risk assessment of its operations and current procedures to identify and implement mitigating controls to reduce the risk of errors and intentional fraud. The City should review its processes to ensure that there is adequate segregation of duties in regard to initiating, authorizing, and approving transactions and journal entries. As part of this risk assessment, the City should review its processes to identify tasks that could be reassigned to other City personnel.

Management Response

Management will review their processes and implement measures to segregate financial duties and enhance review procedures.

Section II - Compliance and Other Matters

There are no findings related to compliance and other matters that are required to be reported under government auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America for the year ended December 31, 2021.